

1.8V to 7.0V, 10MHz, RRIO Low Power Operational Amplifiers

Features

■ Operates on 1.8V ~ 7.0V Supplies

■ Input Offset voltage: ±2mV(max)

■ Low Quiescent Current: 725µA

■ Gain Bandwidth Product: 10MHz

■ Slew Rate: 8.5V/µs

Rail-to-Rail Input and Output (RRIO)

Unity Gain Stable

No Phase Reversal

Extended Temperature Ranges
From -40°C to +125°C

Small Packaging
COS9061 available in SOT23-5
COS9061S available in SOT23-6
COS9062 available in SOP8/MSOP8
COS9062S available in MSOP10
COS9064 available in SOP14/TSSOP14

Applications

- Battery or Solar Powered Systems
- Portable Equipment
- Sensor Conditioning
- Analog Active Filters
- White Goods
- Smoke/Gas/Environment Sensors

Rev1.2

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General Description

The COS9061 (single), COS9062 (dual) and COS9064 (quad) are micro-power, rail-to-rail input and output amplifiers operated on 1.8V to 7.0V supplies. Despite their low quiescent current, the COS906x family provides excellent overall performance and versatility. They have both rail-to-rail input and output range. The output voltage swing extends to within 10mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery.

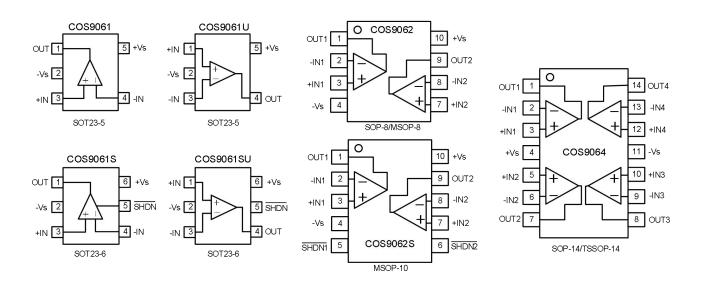
COS906x family is unity gain stable and has a gain bandwidth product of 10MHz (typical). They provide high CMRR and PSRR performance and can operate from a single supply voltage as low as 1.8V.

The COS906xS devices include a shutdown mode (COS9061S, and COS9062S) that allow the amplifiers to switch off into standby mode with typical current consumption less than 5 μA. These features make the COS906x family well suited for single-supply, battery-powered applications. They can be used as plus-in replacements for many commercially available op-amps to reduce power and improve input/output range and performance.

1



1. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible.
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from -Vs -0.3V to +Vs + 0.3V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as –IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
SHDN	Shutdown	High: enable op-amp; Low: disable op-amp



2. Product Specification

2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply: +Vs to -Vs	7.5	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to +Vs + 0.5V	V
Input Current (2)	10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
ESD Susceptibility, HBM	2000	V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

2.2 Thermal Data

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Package Thermal Resistance, R _{θJA} (Juntion-to-ambient)	190 (SOT23-5) 206 (MSOP8) 155 (SOP8) 105 (TSSOP14) 82 (SOP14)	°C/W

2.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	1.8V ~ 7V	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	-40 to +85	°C

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.



2.4 Electrical Characteristics

(+Vs=+5V, -Vs=0, VcM=Vs/2, Ta=+25°C, RL=10k Ω to Vs/2, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Characteristics							
L	.,	COS906xA		±0.4	±2	m\/	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	COS906xB			±5	mV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{OS} /ΔΤ	-40 to 125°C		±0.6		μV/°C	
Input Bias Current	IB			±2.5		pA	
Input Offset Current	los			±2.5		pА	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1		5.6	V	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{CM} =0.1V to 4.9V		125		dB	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	V ₀ =0.2V to 4.8V		120		dB	
Output Characteristics				1			
		R _L =100kΩ		1		mV	
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		R _L =10kΩ		8		mV	
		R _L =2kΩ		40		mV	
01 1 01 11 0 1	I _{SR}	Sourcing		21		mA	
Short-Circuit Current	Isk	Sinking		22		mA	
Power Supply							
Operating Voltage Range			1.8		7.0	V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _S = +1.8V to +5.5V	80	100		dB	
0 :		I _O = 0 mA		725		μA	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	I _Q	Shutdown mode			5	μA	
Dynamic Performance							
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	G=+1		10		MHz	
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1 , 2V Output Step		8.5		V/µs	
Noise Performance	1					ı	
Voltage Noise Density	e _n	f=1kHz		12		nV/ √ Hz	



3.0 Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer (G = +1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when G = +1), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth.

To select R_{ISO} , check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need R_{ISO} . Otherwise, start R_{ISO} at 1 k Ω and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

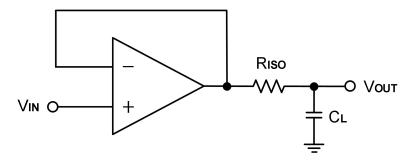


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_F provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

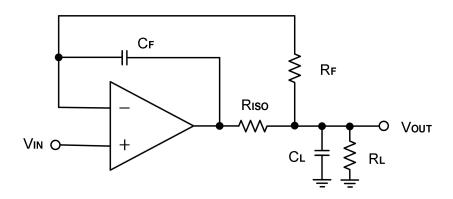


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy



For noninverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.

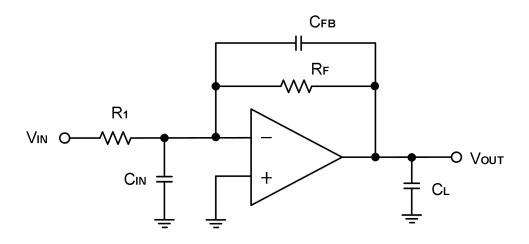


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Noninverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The COS9061/2/4 operates from a single +1.8V to +5.5V supply or dual $\pm 0.9V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors. $2.2\mu F$ tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal $(R_4 / R_3 = R_2 / R_1)$, then $V_{OUT} = (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) \times R_2 / R_1 + V_{REF}$.



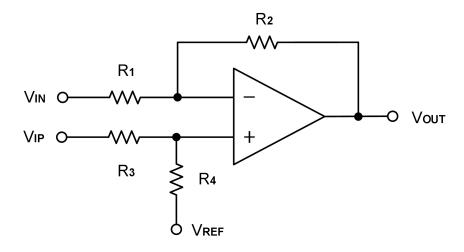


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

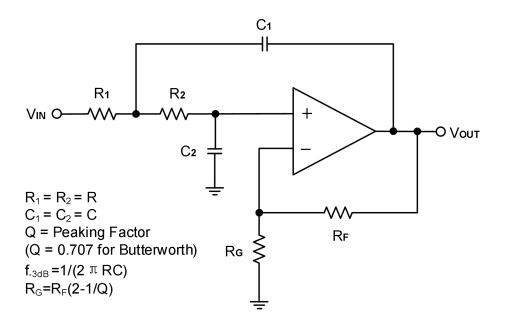
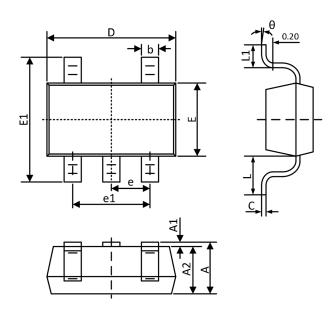


Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter



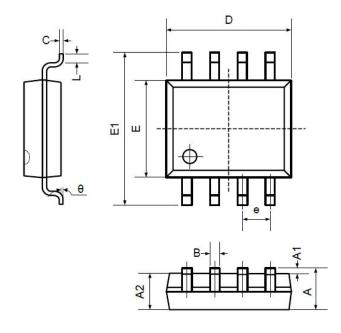
4. Package Information

4.1 SOT23-5 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			nsions ches
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.95	ОТҮР	0.03	7TYP
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.02	8REF
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

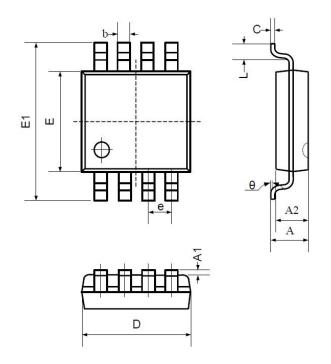
4.2 SOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010	
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248	
е	1.270TYP		0.050	TYP	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

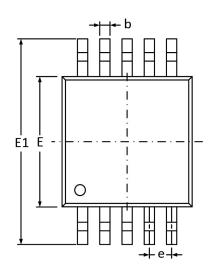


4.3 MSOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)

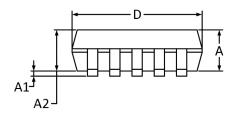


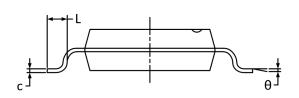
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Α	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047	
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008	
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038	
b	0.30	TYP	0.012 TYP		
С	0.15	TYP	0.006 TYP		
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
е	0.65	TYP	0.026	TYP	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201	
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

4.4 MSOP10 (Package Outline Dimensions)



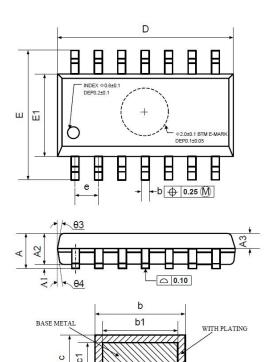
Symbol		Dimensions In Millimeters		nsions ches
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.180	0.280	0.007	0.011
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
Е	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
е	0.50	0.500 BSC		BSC
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	O°	6°	0°	6°

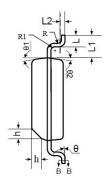






4.5 SOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)

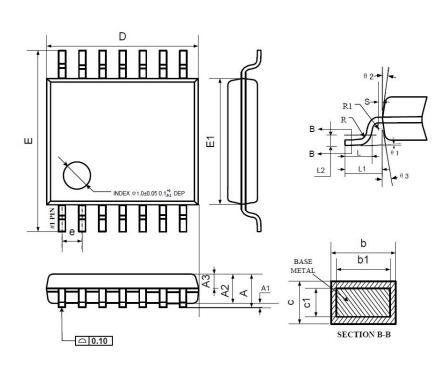




Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			
oymbor .	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Α	1.35	1.60	1.75	
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25	
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65	
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75	
b	0.36		0.49	
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45	
С	0.16		0.25	
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D	8.53	8.63	8.73	
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	
е		1.27 BS0	0	
L	0.45	0.60	0.80	
L1		1.04 REI		
L2		0.25 BS0	3	
R	0.07			
R1	0.07			
h	0.30	0.40	0.50	
θ	0°		8°	
θ1	6°	8°	10°	
θ2	6°	8°	10°	
θ3	5°	7°	9°	
θ4	5°	7°	9°	

4.6 TSSOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)

SECTION B-B



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters				
	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α		_	1.20		
A1	0.05	-	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
A3	0.34	0.44	0.54		
b	0.20	_	0.28		
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24		
С	0.10	10.	0.19		
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
E	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е		0.65 BSC	;		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1		1.00 REF			
L2		0.25 BSC			
R	0.09	_	_		
R1	0.09	11			
S	0.20	<u> </u>			
θ1	0°	_	8°		
θ2	10°	12°	14°		
θ3	10°	12°	14°		



5. Package and Ordering Information

Model	Channel	Order Number	Package	Package Option	Marking Information
COS9061		COS9061TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel, 3000	C9061
COS9001	4	COS9061TRU	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel, 3000	C9061U
00000640	1	COS9061STR	SOT23-6	Tape and Reel, 3000	C9061S
COS9061S		COS9061STRU	SOT23-6	Tape and Reel, 3000	C9061SU
000000		COS9062SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9062
COS9062		COS9062MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9062
0000000	2	COS9062SMRA	MSOP-10	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9062S
COS9062S		COS9062SMRB	MSOP-10	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9062S
0000004	4	COS9064SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9064
COS9064	4	COS9064TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS9064

6. Related Parts

Part Number	Description
COS6042	24kHz, 0.5μA, Nano-Power Op Amps, 1.4V to 5.5V Supply
COS8042	160MHz, 5.5mA, High Speed Op Amps, 3V to 12V Supply
COS2172	10MHz, 1.2mA, RRIO Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply
COS2333	350kHz, 18μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS8552	1.5MHz, 55μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS2388	9MHz, 570μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS2227	10MHz, 1.3mA, Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50μV
COS2182	5MHz, 580μA, RRIO Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply, Vos<50μV
COS620	1.5MHz, 1.3mA, Instrumentation Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50µV
COSINA333	150kHz, 65μA, Instrumentation Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Vos<25μV