

300MHz, Rail-to-Rail Input/Output High Speed Operational Amplifiers

Features

- 300 MHz @ -3dB Bandwidth
- Single-Supply Operation: 2.5V ~ 5.5V
- Slew Rate: 200 V/µs
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output (RRIO)
- Low Quiescent Current: 4.5mA
- Unity Gain Stable
- No Phase Reversal
- Extended Temperature Ranges
 From -40°C to +125°C
- Small Packaging
 COS8091 available in SOT23-5/SOP-8
 COS8092 available in SOP-8/MSOP-8
 COS8094 available in SOP14/TSSOP14

Applications

- Coaxial cable drivers
- Active filters
- Video and Cameras
- CCD imaging systems
- Clock buffers
- Base stations
- A-to-D Drivers

General Description

The COS8091 (single), COS8092 (dual) and COS8094 (quad) are low cost, voltage feedback, rail-to-rail input and output, high speed amplifiers operated on 2.5V to 5.5V supplies. They have bandwidth and slew rate typically found in current feedback amplifiers. The wide bandwidth and fast slew rate make these amplifiers useful in many general purpose, high speed applications.

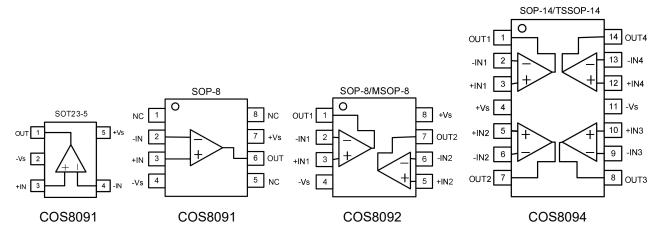
Despite their low cost, the COS8091/2/4 family provide excellent overall performance and versatility. They have both rail-to-rail input and output range. The output voltage swing extends to within 10 mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery. The features make the COS8091/2/4 family useful video for electronics, such as cameras, video switchers, or any high speed portable equipment. Low distortion and fast settling also make them ideal for active filter applications.

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1. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1μ F as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ as close to the part as possible.
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from -Vs -0.3V to +Vs + 0.3V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as –IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
NC	No connection	

2. Package and Ordering Information

Channel	Model	Package	Order Number	Package Option	Marking Information
1	COS8091	SOT23-5	COS8091ST	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS8091
1	CO20091	SOP-8	COS8091SR	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS8091
2	000000	SOP-8	COS8092SR	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS8092
Ζ	COS8092	MSOP-8	COS8092MR	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS8092
4	0000004	SOP-14	COS8094SR	Tape and Reel, 4000	COS8094SR
4	COS8094	TSSOP-14	COS8094TR	Tape and Reel, 4000	COS8094TR



3. Product Specification

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply: +Vs to -Vs	6	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to +Vs + 0.5V	V
Input Current ⁽²⁾	10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
ESD Susceptibility, HBM	2000	V

(1) Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

(2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

3.2 Thermal Data

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Package Thermal Resistance, Reja (Juntion-to-ambient)	190 (SOT23-5) 206 (MSOP8) 155 (SOP8) 105 (TSSOP14) 82 (SOP14)	°C/W

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	2.5V ~ 5.5V	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	-40 to +85	°C



3.4 Electrical Characteristics

(+Vs=+5V, -Vs=0, Vcm=Vs/2, Ta=+25°C, RL=2k Ω to Vs/2, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Characteristics			,			,
Input Offset Voltage	Vos			±2	±10	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{os} /ΔT	-40 to 125°C		±10		µV/°C
Input Bias Current	IB			±3		pА
Input Offset Current	l _{os}			±1		pА
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}		-0.1		5.6	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{CM} =0.1V to 5.6V	60	80		dB
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A _{OL}	V ₀ =0.4V to 4.6V		120		dB
Output Characteristics		•	·			
		R _L =10kΩ		10		mV
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		R _L =2kΩ		25		mV
		R _L =150Ω		200		mV
	I _{SR}	Sourcing		110		mA
Short-Circuit Current	I _{sк}	Sinking		120		mA
Power Supply		•				
Operating Voltage Range			2.5		5.5	V
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	Ι _Q	V _S =5V		4.5		mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = 2.5V to 5.5V		100		dB
Dynamic Performance			,			
Small-Signal Bandwidth	f _{-3dB}	G=+1		300		MHz
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	G=+10		200		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1 , 4V Step		200		V/µs
Settling Time to 0.1%	ts	G = +1 , 4V Step		50		ns
Noise Performance			1			
Voltage Noise Density	en	f=1kHz		6		nV/ √ Hz



4.0 Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer (G = +1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when G = +1), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth.

To select R_{ISO} , check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need R_{ISO} . Otherwise, start R_{ISO} at 1 k Ω and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

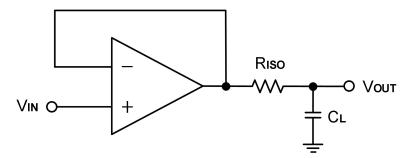


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_F provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

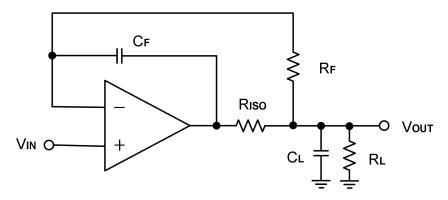


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy



For noninverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.

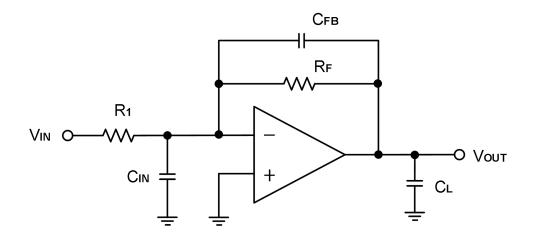


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Noninverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The COS8091/2/4 operates from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply or dual ±1.25V to ±2.25V supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors. 2.2µF tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal (R₄ / R₃ = R₂ / R₁), then $V_{OUT} = (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) \times R_2 / R_1 + V_{REF}$.



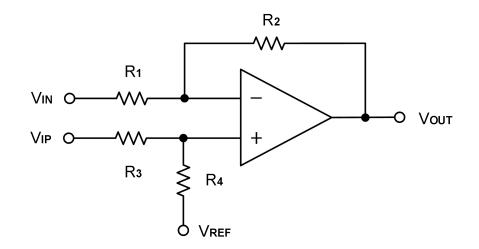


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

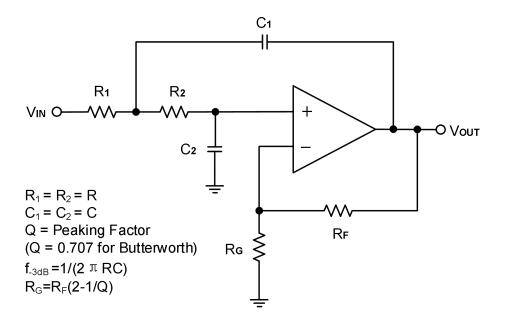
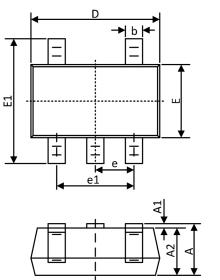


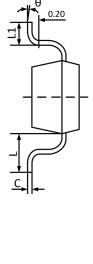
Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter



5. Package Information

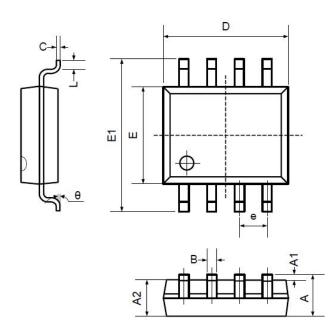
5.1 SOT23-5 (Package Outline Dimensions)





Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			nsions ches
	MIN	MAX	MIN	ΜΑΧ
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.95	ОТҮР	0.03	7ТҮР
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.02	8REF
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

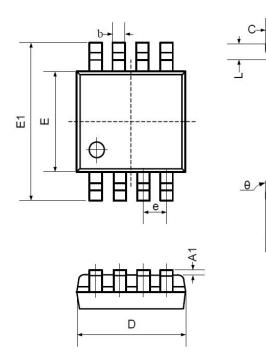
5.2 SOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
е	1.270TYP		0.050	TYP
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

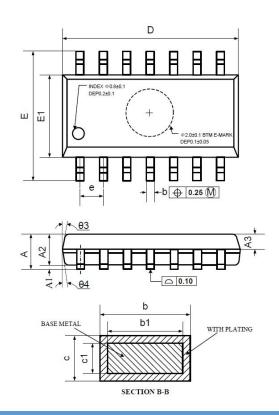


5.3 MSOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
A	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047	
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008	
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038	
b	0.30	TYP	0.012 TYP		
С	0.15	TYP	0.006 TYP		
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
e	0.65	TYP	0.026 TYP		
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201	
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

5.4 SOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)



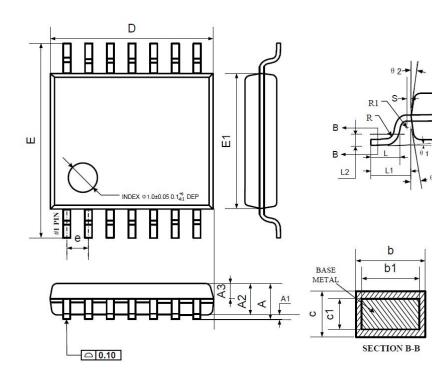
R1 R	
+ 	

A2 A

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			
-	MIN	NOM	MAX	
A	1.35	1.60	1.75	
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25	
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65	
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75	
b	0.36		0.49	
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45	
С	0.16		0.25	
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D	8.53	8.63	8.73	
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	
е		1.27 BS	2	
L	0.45	0.60	0.80	
L1		1.04 RE	-	
L2		0.25 BS0	2	
R	0.07			
R1	0.07			
h	0.30	0.40	0.50	
θ	0°		8°	
θ1	6°	8°	10°	
θ2	6°	8°	10°	
03	5°	7°	9°	
04	5°	7 °	9°	



5.5 TSSOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters				
	MIN	NOM	MAX		
A			1.20		
A1	0.05	—	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
A3	0.34	0.44	0.54		
b	0.20	—	0.28		
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24		
С	0.10		0.19		
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
E	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е		0.65 BSC	>		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1		1.00 REF	1		
L2		0.25 BSC			
R	0.09		-		
R1	0.09	·			
S	0.20				
θ1	0°	_	8°		
θ2	10°	12°	14°		
0 3	10°	12°	14°		

6. Related Parts

Part Number	Description
COS6042	24kHz, 0.5μA, Nano-Power Op Amps, 1.4V to 5.5V Supply
COS8042	160MHz, 5.5mA, High Speed Op Amps, 3V to 12V Supply
COS2172	10MHz, 1.2mA, RRIO Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply
COS2333	350kHz, 18μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS8552	1.5MHz, 55µA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10µV
COS2388	9MHz, 570µA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10µV
COS2227	10MHz, 1.3mA, Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50µV
COS2182	5MHz, 580μA, RRIO Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply, Vos<50μV
COS620	1.5MHz, 1.3mA, Instrumentation Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50µV
COSINA333	150kHz, 65µA, Instrumentation Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Vos<25µV