

3MHz, 170μA, RRIO, Zero-Drift Operational Amplifiers

Features

■ Low offset Voltage: 10µV (Max.)

■ Zero Drift: 0.05µV/°C (Max.)

■ Low Quiescent Current: 170µA/ch

■ Gain Bandwidth Product: 3.0MHz

■ Single Supply: 1.8V ~ 5.5V

■ Dual Supply: $\pm 0.9 \text{V} \sim \pm 2.75 \text{V}$

■ Slew Rate: 2.5V/µs

Rail-to-Rail Input and Output (RRIO)

Unity Gain Stable

■ EMI/RFI Filtered Inputs

Extended Temperature Ranges
 From -40°C to +125°C

Small Packaging
 COS335 available in SOT23-5/SOP-8
 COS2335 available in SOP-8/MSOP-8
 COS4335 available in SOP14/TSSOP14

Applications

- Sensor Conditioning
- Temperature Measurements
- Transducers
- Test Equipment
- Medical Instrumentation
- Battery Powered Instruments
- A/D converters

General Description

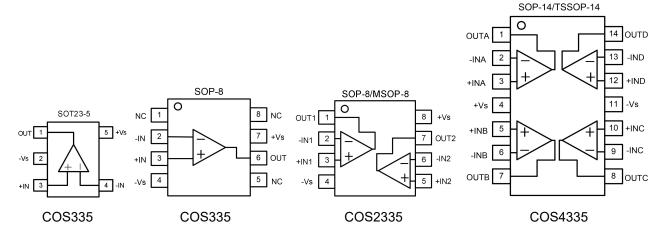
The COS335 (single), COS2335 (dual) and COS4335 (quad) are low-noise, zero-drift, precision operational amplifiers operated on 1.8 to 5.5 single supply or ± 0.9 V to ± 2.75 V dual supplies. COSx335 family use chopper stabilized technique to provide very low offset voltage (less than 10µV maximum) and near zero drift over temperature. Despite their low COSx335 family quiescent current, the provides excellent overall performance and versatility. They have both rail-to-rail input and output range. The output voltage swing extends to within 1mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery. COSx335 family is unity gain stable and has a gain bandwidth product of 3MHz (typical). These features make the devices an ideal choice for driving high-precision, analog- to-digital converters (ADCs) bufferina or the output of high-resolution, digital-to-analog converters (DACs).

Rev1.1
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1. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of 0.1µF as close to the part as possible.
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from -Vs -0.3V to +Vs + 0.3V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as –IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
NC	No connection	

2. Package and Ordering Information

Channel	Model	Order Number	Package	Package Option	Marking Information
1	CO5225	COS335TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS335
'	1 COS335	COS335SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 4000	COS335SR
		COS2335SRA	SOP-8		COS2335SR
2	COS2335	COS2335SRB		Tape and Reel, 4000	COS2335SR
		COS2335SRC			COS2335SR
4	COS4225	COS4335SR	SOP14	Tape and Reel, 2500	COS4335SR
4	COS4335	COS4335TR	TSSOP14	Tape and Reel, 2500	COS4335TR



3. Product Specification

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (1)

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply: +Vs to -Vs	6	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to +Vs + 0.5V	V
Input Current (2)	±10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
ESD Susceptibility, HBM	2000	V

⁽¹⁾ Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

3.2 Thermal Data

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Package Thermal Resistance, R _{θJA} (Juntion-to-ambient)	190 (SOT23-5) 206 (MSOP8) 155 (SOP8) 105 (TSSOP14) 82 (SOP14)	°C/W

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	1.8V ~ 5.5V	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	-40 to +85	°C

⁽²⁾ Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.



3.4 Electrical Characteristics

(+V_S=+5V, -V_S=0, V_{CM}=V_S/2, T_A=+25°C, R_L=10k Ω to V_S/2, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Characteristics						
		COSx335A		±2	±10	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	COSx335B			±20	μV
		COSx335C			±100	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	ΔV _{OS} /ΔΤ	-40 to 125°C		±0.005	±0.05	μV/°C
Input Bias Current	Ів			±30		pА
Input Offset Current	los			±30		рА
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V _{CM}	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1		5.6	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	V _{CM} =0.1V to 4.9V		120		dB
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	Vo=0.2V to 4.8V		145		dB
Output Characteristics						
Output Valtage Cuing from Dail		R _L =100kΩ		1		mV
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		R _L =10kΩ		8		mV
Oh art Oiread Organi	I _{SR}	Sourcing		21		mA
Short-Circuit Current	Isk	Sinking		22		mA
Power Supply						
Operating Voltage Range			1.8		5.5	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	V _S = 1.8V to 5.5V		120		dB
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	IQ	V _S = 5.0V		170		μA
Dynamic Performance						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	G=+1		3.0		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1 , 2V Output Step		2.5		V/µs
Noise Performance						
Voltage Noise Density	e _n	f=1kHz		30		nV/ √ Hz
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4.0 Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer (G = +1) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when G = +1), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth.

To select R_{ISO} , check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need R_{ISO} . Otherwise, start R_{ISO} at 1 k Ω and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

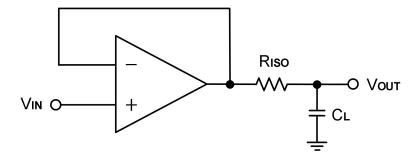


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_F provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

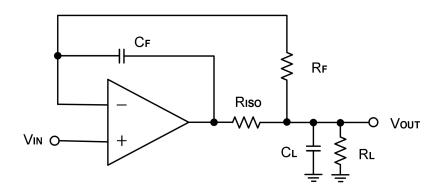


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy



For non-inverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.

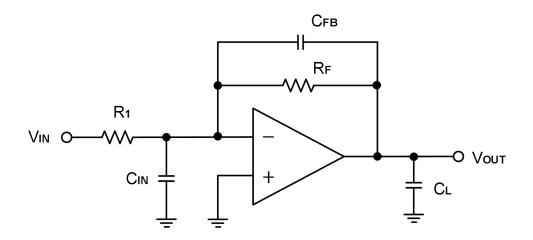


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Noninverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The COSx335 operates from a single +1.8V to +5.5V supply or dual $\pm 0.9V$ to $\pm 2.75V$ supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors. $2.2\mu F$ tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal $(R_4 / R_3 = R_2 / R_1)$, then $V_{OUT} = (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) \times R_2 / R_1 + V_{REF}$.



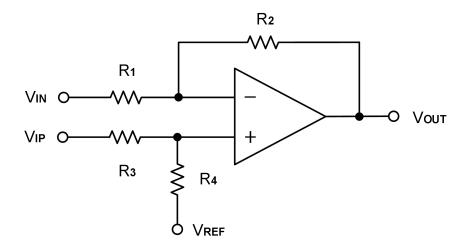


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

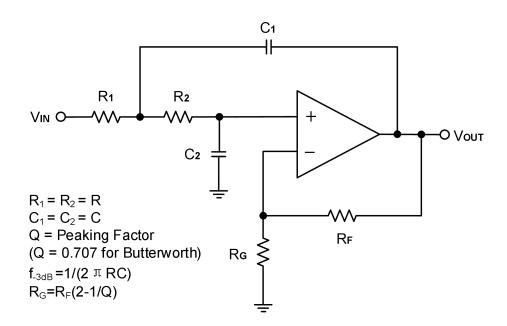
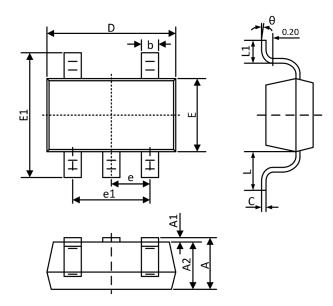


Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter



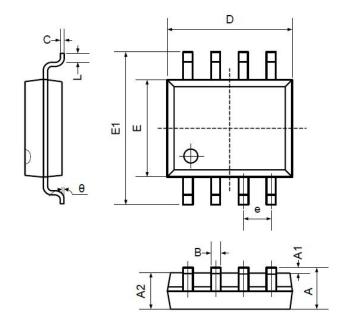
5. Package Information

5.1 SOT23-5 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.95	ОТҮР	0.03	7TYP
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.02	8REF
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

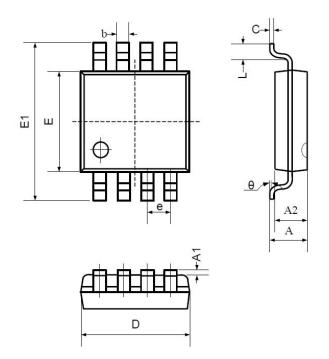
5.2 SOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
В	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
С	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
е	1.270	1.270TYP 0.050TY		TYP
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

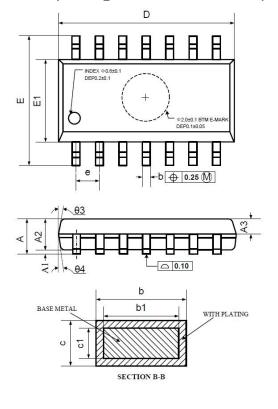


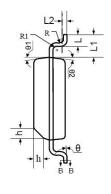
5.3 MSOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038
b	0.30	TYP	0.012 TYP	
С	0.15	TYP	0.006 TYP	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
е	0.65	TYP	0.026	TYP
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°

5.4 SOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)

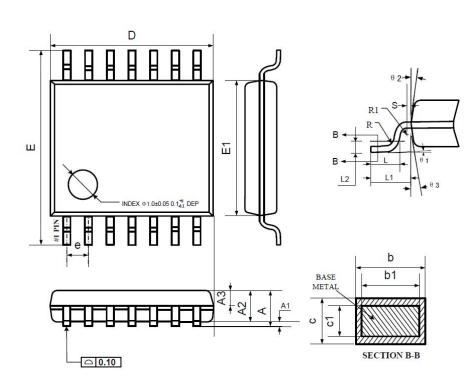




	Dimensions				
Symbol	In Millimeters				
	MIN	MOM	MAX		
Α	1.35	1.60	1.75		
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25		
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65		
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75		
b	0.36		0.49		
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45		
С	0.16		0.25		
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25		
D	8.53	8.63	8.73		
E	5.80	6.00	6.20		
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00		
е		1.27 BS0	2		
L	0.45	0.60	0.80		
L1		1.04 REI	re-		
L2		0.25 BS0			
R	0.07				
R1	0.07				
h	0.30	0.40	0.50		
θ	0°		8°		
θ1	6°	8°	10°		
θ2	6°	8°	10°		
93	5°	7°	9°		
94	5°	7°	9°		



5.5 TSSOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol Dimensions In Millimeters					
	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Α		_	1.20		
A1	0.05	-	0.15		
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05		
A3	0.34	0.44	0.54		
b	0.20	-	0.28		
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24		
С	0.10 —		0.19		
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15		
D	4.86	4.96	5.06		
Е	6.20	6.40	6.60		
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50		
е		0.65 BSC			
L	0.45	0.60	0.75		
L1		1.00 REF			
L2		0.25 BSC			
R	0.09	-	_		
R1	0.09	_	_		
S	0.20	9 <u></u>			
θ1	0°	-	8°		
θ2	10°	12°	14°		
θ3	10°	12°	14°		

6. Related Parts

Part Number	Description
COS6042	24kHz, 0.5μA, Nano-Power Op Amps, 1.4V to 5.5V Supply
COS8042	160MHz, 5.5mA, High Speed Op Amps, 3V to 12V Supply
COS2172	10MHz, 1.2mA, RRIO Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply
COS2333	350kHz, 18μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS8552	1.5MHz, 55μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS2388	9MHz, 570μA, Precision Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, Vos<10μV
COS2227	10MHz, 1.3mA, Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50μV
COS2182	5MHz, 580μA, RRIO Precision Op Amps, 4.5 to 40V Supply, Vos<50μV
COS620	1.5MHz, 1.3mA, Instrumentation Amps, 4.5 to 36V Supply, Vos<50µV
COSINA333	150kHz, 65μA, Instrumentation Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Vos<25μV