

40V, 10MHz, Rail-to-Rail Input/Output Single/Dual Supply Operational Amplifiers

Features

- Operates on
 - Single-Supply: 4.5V ~ 40V, or
 - Dual-Supply: $\pm 2.25V \sim \pm 20V$
- Low Quiescent Current: 1.2mA
- Gain Bandwidth Product: 10MHz
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output (RRIO)
- 5.0V/ μs Slew Rate
- Low offset drift: $\pm 0.3\mu V/^{\circ}C$ (Typical)
- Unity Gain Stable
- No Phase Reversal
- RFI Filtered Inputs
- Low-input Bias current: 10pA
- Extended Temperature Ranges
From $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$
- Small Packaging
 - COS1677 available in SOT23-5/SOP-8
 - COS1678 available in SOP-8/MSOP-8
 - COS1679 available in SOP14/TSSOP14

Applications

- Automotive Electronics
- Sensor Conditioning
- Audio Amplifier
- Tracking Amplifier in Power Modules
- Battery-Powered Instruments
- Test Equipment

General Description

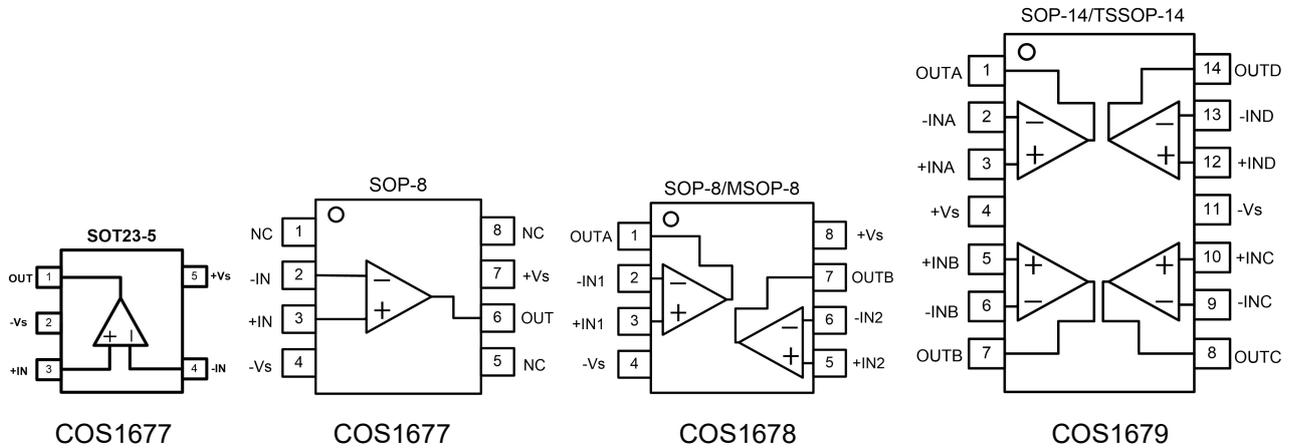
The COS1677 (single), COS1678 (dual) and COS1679 (quad) are single supply, rail-to-rail input and output amplifiers operated on 4.5V($\pm 2.25V$) to 40V($\pm 20V$) supplies. Despite their low quiescent current, the COS167x family provides excellent overall performance and versatility.

COS167x family is unity gain stable and has a gain bandwidth product of 10MHz (typical). They provide high CMRR and PRSS performance and can operate from a single supply or dual supply. Input signals can go beyond the supply rails and do not cause phase reversal. The output voltage swing extends to within 150mV of each rail, providing the maximum output dynamic range with excellent overdrive recovery. These features make the COS167x family well suited for single-supply, battery-powered applications. They can be used as plus-in replacements for many commercially available op-amps to reduce power and improve input/output range and performance.

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1. Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

Name	Description	Note
+Vs	Positive power supply	A bypass capacitor of 0.1μF as close to the part as possible should be placed between power supply pins or between supply pins and ground.
-Vs	Negative power supply or ground	If it is not connected to ground, bypass it with a capacitor of 0.1μF as close to the part as possible.
-IN	Negative input	Inverting input of the amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from -Vs -0.3V to +Vs + 0.3V.
+IN	Positive input	Non-inverting input of the amplifier. This pin has the same voltage range as -IN.
OUT	Output	The output voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
NC	No connection	No internal connection, can be left floating

2. Package and Ordering Information

Model	Channel	Order Number	Package	Package Option	Marking Information
COS1677	1	COS1677TRA	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS1677
		COS1677TRB			COS1677
		COS1677SRA	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 4000	COS1677SR
		COS1677SRB			COS1677SR
COS1678	2	COS1678SRA	SOP-8	Tape and Reel, 4000	COS1678SR
		COS1678SRB			COS1678SR
		COS1678MRA	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS1678MR
		COS1678MRB			COS1678MR

COS1679	4	COS1679SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel, 2500	COS1679SR
		COS1679TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel, 3000	COS1679TR

3. Product Specification

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Rating	Units
Power Supply: +Vs to -Vs	42	V
Input Voltage	-Vs -0.5V to +Vs + 0.5V	V
Input Current ⁽²⁾	±10	mA
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature	150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
ESD Susceptibility, HBM	2000	V

(1) Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

(2) Input terminals are diode-clamped to the power-supply rails. Input signals that can swing more than 0.5V beyond the supply rails should be current-limited to 10mA or less.

3.2 Thermal Data

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Package Thermal Resistance	190 (SOT23-5) 206 (MSOP8) 155 (SOP8) 105 (TSSOP14) 82 (SOP14)	°C/W

3.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Rating	Unit
DC Supply Voltage	4.5 (±2.25) ~ 40 (±20)	V
Input common-mode voltage range	-Vs ~ +Vs	V
Operating ambient temperature	-40 to +85	°C

3.4 Electrical Characteristics

($V_S=4.5$ to $40V$, $V_{CM}=V_{OUT}=V_S/2$, $T_A=+25^\circ C$, $R_L=10k\Omega$ to $V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Characteristics						
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	COS1677A, COS1678A		± 0.3	± 2.0	mV
		COS1677B, COS1678B		± 0.75	± 5.0	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	-40 to $125^\circ C$		± 0.3	± 3.0	$\mu V/^\circ C$
Input Bias Current	I_B			± 10		pA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}			± 4		pA
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V_{CM}	$V_S = 40V$	V_{-S} -0.1		V_{+S} -2	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{-S} - 0.1 < V_{CM} < V_{+S} - 2$	100	120		dB
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	AOL	$V_O=0.2V$ to $4.8V$	110	130		dB
Output Characteristics						
Output Voltage Swing from Rail		$R_L=10k\Omega$		150		mV
Short-Circuit Current	I_{SR}	Sourcing		+40		mA
	I_{SK}	Sinking		-48		mA
Power Supply						
Operating Voltage Range			4.5		40	V
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = +4.5V$ to $+40V$	80	100		dB
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	I_Q			1.2		mA
Dynamic Performance						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBWP	$G=+1$		10		MHz
Slew Rate	SR	$G=+1$		5.0		V/ μs
Noise Performance						
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	$f=1kHz$		10		nV/ \sqrt{Hz}

4.0 Application Notes

Driving Capacitive Loads

Driving large capacitive loads can cause stability problems for voltage feedback op amps. As the load capacitance increases, the feedback loop's phase margin decreases, and the closed loop bandwidth is reduced. This produces gain peaking in the frequency response, with overshoot and ringing in the step response. A unity gain buffer ($G = +1$) is the most sensitive to capacitive loads, but all gains show the same general behavior.

When driving large capacitive loads with these op amps (e.g., > 100 pF when $G = +1$), a small series resistor at the output (R_{ISO} in Figure 1) improves the feedback loop's phase margin (stability) by making the output load resistive at higher frequencies. It does not, however, improve the bandwidth.

To select R_{ISO} , check the frequency response peaking (or step response overshoot) on the bench. If the response is reasonable, you do not need R_{ISO} . Otherwise, start R_{ISO} at 1 k Ω and modify its value until the response is reasonable.

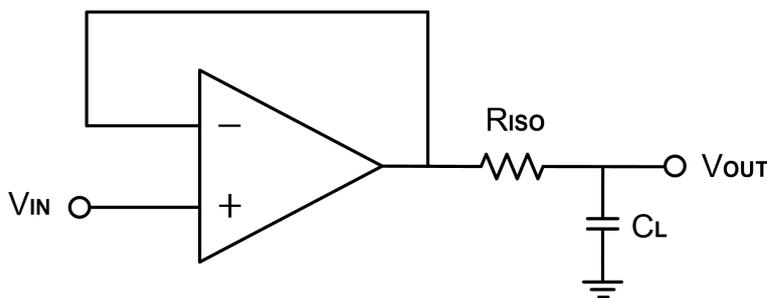


Figure 1. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_F provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

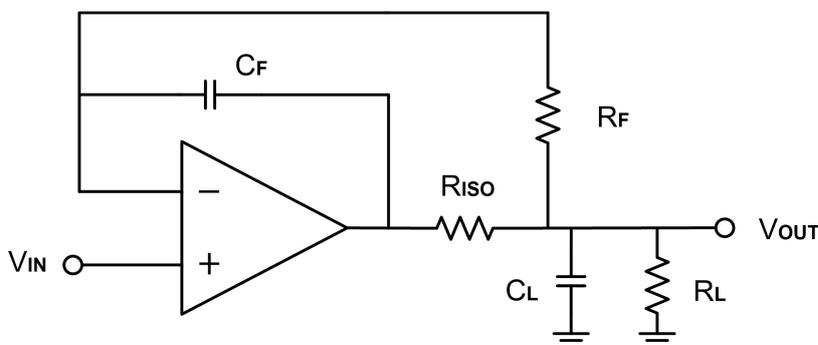


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

For non-inverting configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node, as shown in Figure 3.

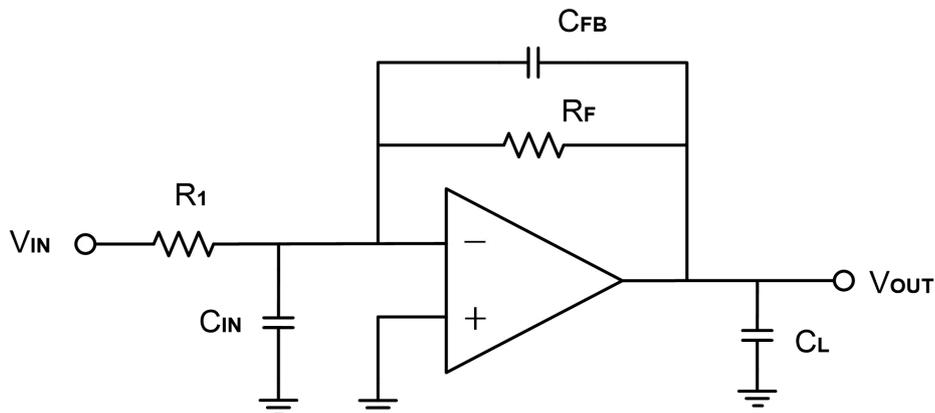


Figure 3. Adding a Feedback Capacitor in the Noninverting Configuration

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The COS167x family operates from a single +4.5V to +40V supply or dual $\pm 2.25\text{V}$ to $\pm 20\text{V}$ supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply +Vs with a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the +Vs pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +Vs and the -Vs supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate $0.1\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitors. $2.2\mu\text{F}$ tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The length of the current path is directly proportional to the magnitude of parasitic inductances and thus the high frequency impedance of the path. High speed currents in an inductive ground return create an unwanted voltage noise. Broad ground plane areas will reduce the parasitic inductance. Thus a ground plane layer is important for high speed circuit design.

Typical Application Circuits

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the differential function. If the resistors ratios are equal ($R_4 / R_3 = R_2 / R_1$), then $V_{OUT} = (V_{IP} - V_{IN}) \times R_2 / R_1 + V_{REF}$.

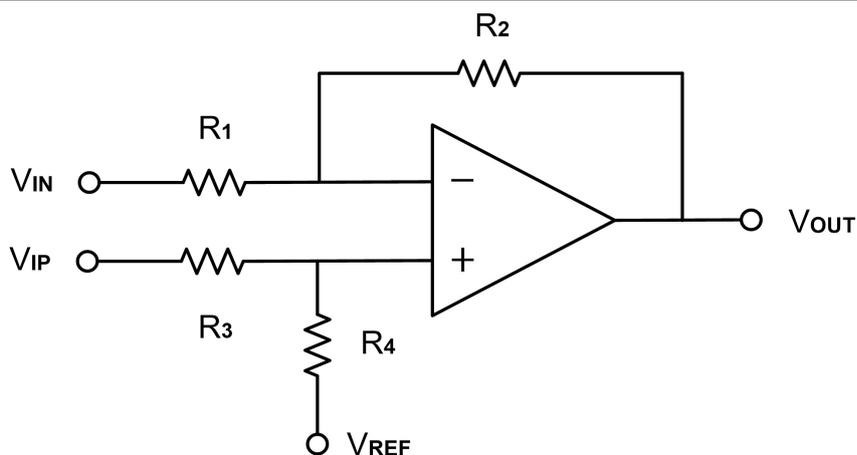


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

When receiving low-level signals, limiting the bandwidth of the incoming signals into the system is often required. The simplest way to establish this limited bandwidth is to place an RC filter at the noninverting terminal of the amplifier. If even more attenuation is needed, a multiple pole filter is required. The Sallen-Key filter can be used for this task, as Figure 5. For best results, the amplifier should have a bandwidth that is 8 to 10 times the filter frequency bandwidth. Failure to follow this guideline can result in reduction of phase margin. The large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

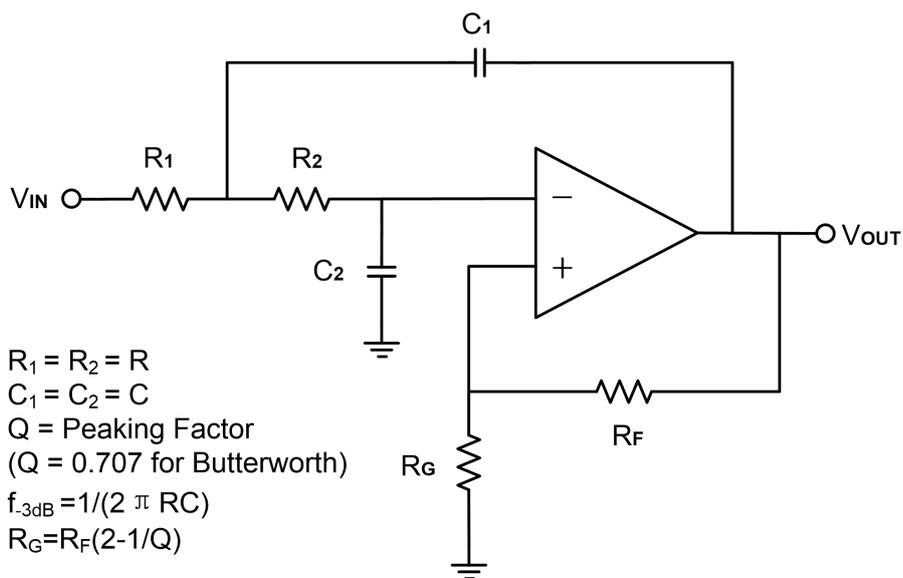
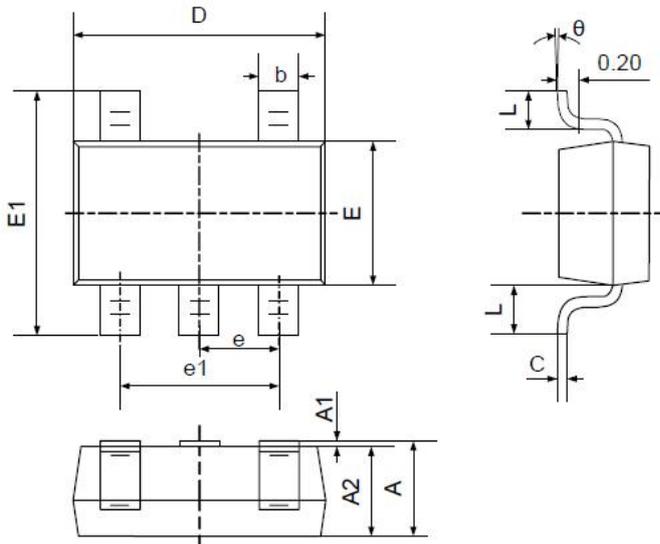


Figure 5. Two-Pole Low-Pass Sallen-Key Active Filter

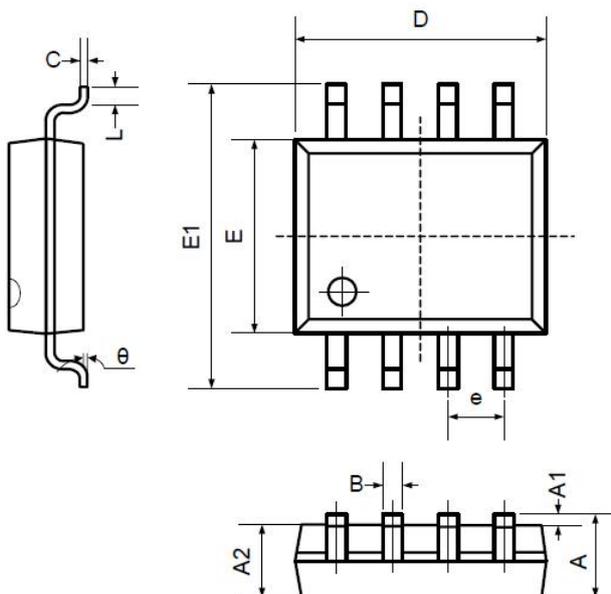
5. Package Information

5.1 SOT23-5 (Package Outline Dimensions)



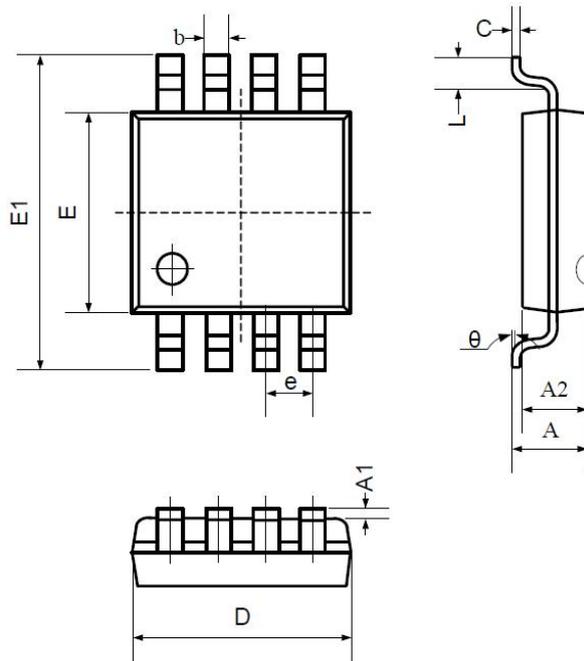
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016
c	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950TYP		0.037TYP	
e1	1.800	2.000	0.071	0.079
L	0.700REF		0.028REF	
L1	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

5.2 SOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)



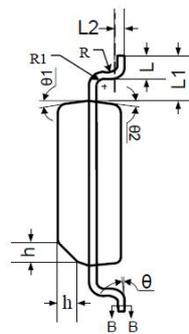
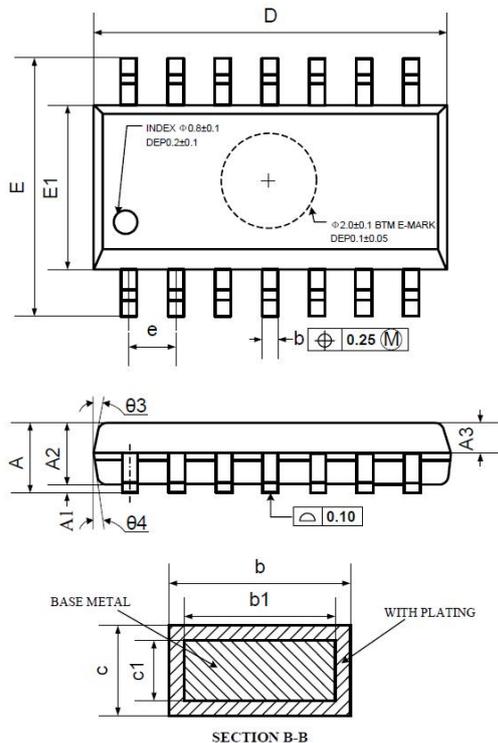
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
B	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
C	0.190	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.780	5.000	0.188	0.197
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E1	5.800	6.300	0.228	0.248
e	1.270TYP		0.050TYP	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

5.3 MSOP8 (Package Outline Dimensions)

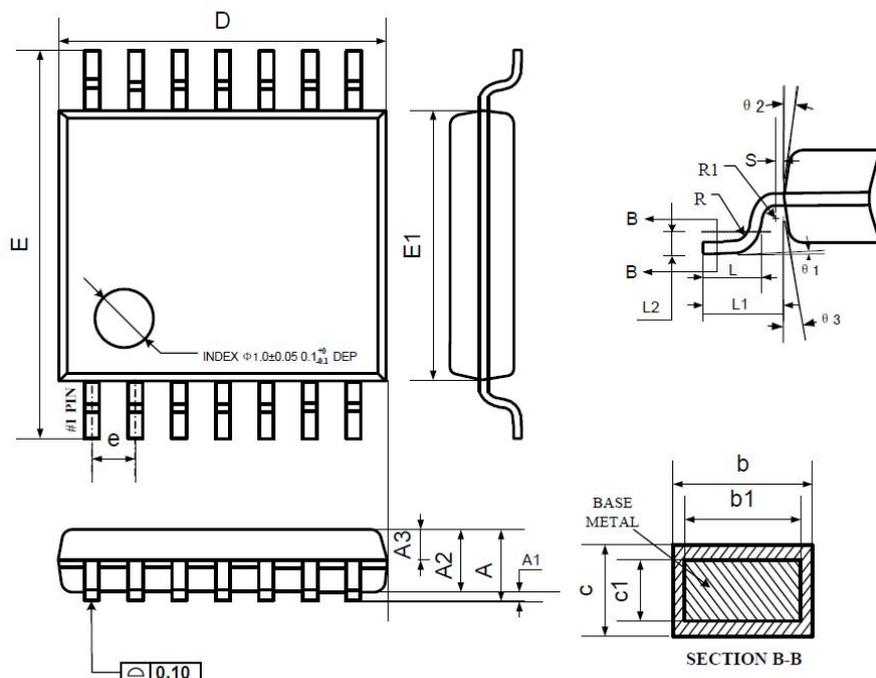


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.800	1.200	0.031	0.047
A1	0.000	0.200	0.000	0.008
A2	0.760	0.970	0.030	0.038
b	0.30 TYP		0.012 TYP	
c	0.15 TYP		0.006 TYP	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
e	0.65 TYP		0.026 TYP	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
L	0.410	0.650	0.016	0.026
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°

5.4 SOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	1.35	1.60	1.75
A1	0.10	0.15	0.25
A2	1.25	1.45	1.65
A3	0.55	0.65	0.75
b	0.36		0.49
b1	0.35	0.40	0.45
c	0.16		0.25
c1	0.15	0.20	0.25
D	8.53	8.63	8.73
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
e	1.27 BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.80
L1	1.04 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
R	0.07		
R1	0.07		
h	0.30	0.40	0.50
θ	0°		8°
θ_1	6°	8°	10°
θ_2	6°	8°	10°
θ_3	5°	7°	9°
θ_4	5°	7°	9°

5.5 TSSOP14 (Package Outline Dimensions)


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	—	—	1.20
A1	0.05	—	0.15
A2	0.90	1.00	1.05
A3	0.34	0.44	0.54
b	0.20	—	0.28
b1	0.20	0.22	0.24
c	0.10	—	0.19
c1	0.10	0.13	0.15
D	4.86	4.96	5.06
E	6.20	6.40	6.60
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
e	0.65 BSC		
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
L2	0.25 BSC		
R	0.09	—	—
R1	0.09	—	—
S	0.20	—	—
θ_1	0°	—	8°
θ_2	10°	12°	14°
θ_3	10°	12°	14°

6. Related Parts

Part Number	Description
COS6041/2/4	24kHz, 0.5 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1347/2347/4347	350kHz, 15 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS6001/2/4	1.5MHz, 50 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1314/2314/4314	3MHz, 150 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS821/2/4	5MHz, 300 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS1374/2374/4374	7MHz, 500 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply
COS721/2/4	10MHz, 650 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 2.1 to 5.5V Supply
COS1333/2333/4333	0.35MHz, 18 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, $V_{os} < 20\mu$ V
COS8551/2/4	1.5MHz, 55 μ A, RRIO Op Amps, 1.8 to 5.5V Supply, Zero Drift, $V_{os} < 10\mu$ V